

KEY Number Sense Additive Reasoning Multiplicative Reasoning Geometric Reasoning



	YEAR 4	5
Sequence	 read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = ⁷¹/₁₀₀] 	 recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places solve problems involving number up to three decimal places convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millilimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) solve problems involving converting between units of time
Sequence 2	 add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables 	
Sequence 3	 identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling 	
Sequence	 identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° 	 use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles



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Sequence

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of
- read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- · recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- · read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)
- solve problems involving converting between units of time

Sequence

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- · add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- · solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling
- · measure and calculate the perimeter

- · solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

Sequence

- · multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- · compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- · recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$]
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- · recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths



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Sequence

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- · identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs
- · know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

• use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling

Sequence

- · identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- · know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)
- identify:
- > angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)
- > angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°)
- > other multiples of 90°
- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- · distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

• identify, describe and present the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

Sequence

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- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$]

- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- · recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)
- · solve problems involving converting between units of time



Number Sense Addition

Additive Reasoning Multiplicative Reasoning Geometric Reasoning



· add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert Sequence from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$] add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number · solve problems involving number up to three decimal places use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling · solve problems involving converting between units of time solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals convert between different units of metric measure (for example, by 10, 100 and 1000 kilometre and metre: centimetre and metre: centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) • compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number · recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements Sequence >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$] read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$] recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal • identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs • solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those with a denominator and common factors of two numbers of a multiple of 10 or 25 know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime including scaling numbers up to 19 understand and use approximate equivalences between metric multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and using a formal written method including long multiplication for two-digit numbers · solve problems involving converting between units of time multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context Sequence multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction,

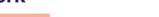
represented visually including tenths and hundredths

supported by materials and diagrams

multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers,



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Sequence

- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles
- identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed
- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using